

Animal Health Surveillance annual report

The following tables present animal health data collected by MPI from various sources during 2019.

Table 1 is a summary of the numbers of laboratory submissions from the major livestock and avian populations. For illustrative purposes a selection of presenting syndromes are provided

in some instances, with examples of corresponding diagnoses.

Table 2 lists the number of *Salmonella* serotypes by animal species diagnosed by veterinary pathology laboratories.

Table 3 presents a summary of results from the salmon surveillance

programme run annually in approved establishments for the export of salmon for human consumption in Australia. In all, 20 salmon production sites were tested across 30 sampling events. One farm reported significant mortalities.

Table 1: Numbers of cases and diagnoses received from veterinary pathology laboratories during 2019

Cattle					
Total sick animal cases	19,607	<i>Campylobacter fetus</i> ssp. <i>fetus</i>	27	Ill thrift/diarrhoea	1,270
Abnormalities of reproductive system	112	Other <i>Campylobacter</i> spp.	8	Gastrointestinal parasitism	30
<i>Neospora caninum</i>	4	<i>Toxoplasma gondii</i>	30	Nervous signs	194
<i>C. fetus</i> ssp. <i>venerealis</i>	0	<i>Salmonella</i> Brandenburg	36	Respiratory disease	675
Pestivirus infection	3	Congenital defects	2	Streptococcal infection	88
Abortion	737	Ill thrift/diarrhoea	609	Sudden death	27
<i>Neospora caninum</i>	76	Johne's disease	20	Pigs	
Mycotic abortion	3	Trace element deficiency	13	Total sick animal cases	51
Pestivirus infection	12	Gastrointestinal parasitism	24	Abortion	1
<i>Leptospira</i> spp.	5	Nervous signs	55	Ill thrift/diarrhoea	13
Congenital defects	14	<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	6	Nervous signs	3
Ill thrift/diarrhoea	11,045	Polioencephalomalacia	3	Sudden death	17
Pestivirus infection	155	<i>Clostridium</i> spp.	0	Goats	
Gastrointestinal parasitism	24	Respiratory disease	52	Total sick animal cases	707
Johne's disease – suspicious and confirmed	2,984	Sudden death	326	Abortion	10
Trace element deficiency	219	Gastrointestinal parasitism	3	Ill thrift/diarrhoea	395
<i>Yersinia</i> spp.	475	Farmed deer		Gastrointestinal parasitism	4
Rotavirus	285	Total sick animal cases	161	Respiratory disease	37
Nervous signs	361	Abortion	3	Nervous signs	26
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	1	<i>S. zooepidemicus</i>	0	<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	3
Hepatic encephalopathy	2	Congenital defects	0	Caprine arthritis encephalitis	0
Metabolic disease	18	Ill thrift/diarrhoea	81	Sudden death	42
Malignant catarrhal fever	7	Johne's disease	9	<i>Clostridium perfringens</i> D (enterotoxaemia)	0
Polioencephalomalacia	14	Trace element deficiency	9	Gastrointestinal parasitism	0
<i>Histophilus somnus</i>	1	<i>Yersinia</i> spp.	6	Lamoids	
Sudden death	953	Nervous signs	7	Total sick animal cases	255
<i>Clostridium</i> spp.	3	Malignant catarrhal fever	1	Abortion	1
Respiratory disease	544	Sudden death	49	Ill thrift/diarrhoea	119
Sheep		Gastrointestinal parasitism	0	Gastrointestinal parasitism	0
Total sick animal cases	1,761	Malignant catarrhal fever	6	Nervous signs	12
Abnormalities of reproductive system	28	Horses		Respiratory disease	6
<i>Brucella ovis</i>	0	Total sick animal cases	6,222	Sudden death	16
Abortion	261	Abortion	54	Avian species	
		<i>S. zooepidemicus</i>	1	Total number of submissions	1,407
		Circulatory disease	43		

Table 2: Salmonella serotypes isolated from animals during 2019

Serotype	Avian	Bovine	Canine	Equine	Feline	Other	Ovine	Reptile
<i>Salmonella</i> Agona	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Anatum	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Barranquilla	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Bovismorbificans	1	244	5	0	1	0	3	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Brandenburg	0	68	5	1	0	0	36	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Derby	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Emek	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Enterica	0	10	3	0	1	0	0	1
<i>Salmonella</i> Enteritidis	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0
<i>Salmonella</i> GIVE	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Hindmarsh	0	1	1	0	0	0	23	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Mbandaka	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Mississippi	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Ruiru	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Saintpaul	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	1
<i>Salmonella</i> Senftenberg	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Stanley	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Thompson	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Salmonella</i> Typhimurium	5	214	4	8	10	1	6	0
Unspecified	0	23	1	2	1	0	1	0
Total	7	589	29	12	14	1	71	2

Table 3: Salmonid surveillance during 2019

Pathogen tested for	No of farms*	No of samples †	No of positive pools
Viral cultures	20	1,200	0
<i>Myxobolus cerebralis</i>	6	360	0
<i>Yersinia ruckeri</i>	20	1,200	3‡
<i>Aeromonas salmonicida</i>	20	1,200	0
<i>Renibacterium salmoninarum</i>	6	360	0

* 30 sampling events in total
 † Tested in pools of 5
 ‡ Endemic strain of *Yersinia ruckeri* (serotype O1b)

Number of salmon farms tested	20
Number of farms reporting significant mortalities	1
Number of farms where significant infectious disease was detected through this scheme	0

The next two tables present results from investigations by MPI's Biosecurity Surveillance and Incursion Investigation Animal Health and Aquatic and Environment Health teams. **Table 4A** shows results for the period 2014–2019 that have resulted in exclusion of OIE-notifiable diseases or other significant exotic diseases. **Table 4B** is a list of significant investigations conducted during 2019 into suspected exotic or emerging diseases that have been confirmed as positive. These include:

- exotic disease or vector incursions or newly emerged diseases;
- occurrences of diseases in new host species;
- first detections of disease agents established in New Zealand; and
- interceptions with no resulting transmission or establishment of organisms.

Asterisks in these tables (*A, *B, etc.) refer to the Notes that follow.

Table 4a: Cumulative list of significant (*A) negative investigations of suspected exotic diseases, 2013–2019

Disease agents investigated and confirmed as negative	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total
<i>Aeromonas salmonicida</i> (fish) *B	2		3	1	1	2	9
African horse sickness virus						1	1
Africanised honeybee (<i>Apis mellifera scutella</i>) and Cape bee (<i>Apis mellifera capensis</i>) *B		3		1	3	1	8
Akabane virus	1	1		1		1	4
Anaplasmosis (causes of)	2	2	1	10			15
<i>Aphanomyces invadans</i> (epizootic ulcerative syndrome of fish)						1	1
Avian influenza virus: highly pathogenic notifiable avian influenza & Newcastle disease virus *B	3	5	3	3	6	10	30
Avian influenza virus: low-pathogenicity notifiable avian influenza *B	2	1		1	1		5
<i>Babesia canis</i> , <i>B. gibsoni</i> and <i>B. felis</i>	1	1	2	4			8
<i>Bacillus anthracis</i> (anthrax)	4	2	4		7	3	20
Bluetongue virus	2	4	1	1		1	9
Bovine herpesvirus type 5	2						2
Bovine theileriosis and babesiosis (exotic strains)	1			1	2		4
Bovine viral diarrhoea virus type 2a	6	1	6			1	14
<i>Brucella abortus</i>	2	1	1	1	1	3	9
<i>Brucella canis</i>	5	9	12	6	6	4	42
<i>Brucella melitensis</i>	1	1	1		1	3	7
<i>Brucella suis</i>						2	2
<i>Burkholderia mallei</i> (glanders) and <i>B. pseudomallei</i> (melioidosis)	1	2	1				4
Canine distemper virus	2	3	1	1	3	3	13
Canine influenza virus		2			2		4
<i>Chlamydia abortus</i> (enzootic abortion)	1		2	1	1	1	6
<i>Coxiella burnetii</i> (Q fever)	2		2		1	4	9
<i>Dirofilaria immitis</i> (heartworm disease)		3	1	2	2	1	9
<i>Echinococcus</i> spp. (hydatid disease)		1	4	2	2		9
<i>Ehrlichia canis</i>	1		3	5	1		10
Enteric redmouth (<i>Yersinia ruckeri</i> – exotic strains) (fish)		1	1	2	2	3	9
Equine piroplasmiasis (all causes of)	2	3	1	5	4		15
Equine herpesvirus type 1 (abortifacient strains, neuropathogenic strains)	6	1	9	4	1	2	23
Equine infectious anaemia virus and equine viral arteritis virus	4	7	11	10	6	2	40
Equine influenza virus	3	2	2	2	1	1	11
Exotic ticks	3	15	11	11	5	8	53

Table 4a (continued)

Disease agents investigated and confirmed as negative	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total
Fish, shellfish and crustacean mortality (wild or managed, marine) – for exclusion of exotic and novel infectious disease agents not otherwise listed	4	11	2	10	16	20	63
<i>Francisella tularensis</i> (tularemia)		2		1		2	5
Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis virus (exotic strains)		2	1	1		1	5
Infectious bursal disease virus	1	3	1		2	4	11
Israeli acute paralysis virus (bees) *B	3	7	1			3	14
Jaagsiekte sheep retrovirus (pulmonary adenomatosis virus)				2	1		3
<i>Leishmania</i> spp.			5	6	3		14
<i>Leptospira</i> (exotic strains)	3	1		3	2		9
<i>Melissococcus plutonius</i> (European foulbrood) (bees) *B	7	8	6	4	6	5	36
<i>Mycoplasma mycoides</i> ssp. <i>mycoides</i> (contagious bovine pleuropneumonia)			1				1
<i>Mycoplasma bovis</i>	4		6	2		Under response	
Myxoma virus (myxomatosis)		1			1	1	3
<i>Pasteurella multocida</i> – toxogenic strains (cause of haemorrhagic septicaemia)		1	1	1	1	2	6
<i>Perkinsus marinus</i> (molluscs)	2		3	6	6	5	22
Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus	1	2		1	2	2	8
Poxviruses (ruminants and camelids)	1	2	1		1		5
Psittacine herpesvirus (incl. Pacheco's disease)			3	1			4
Rabies virus						5	5
Rinderpest virus							0
Ross River virus			1	2		3	6
<i>Salmonella</i> (exotic strains)	2	1	1	1	2	2	9
Small hive beetle (<i>Aethina tumida</i>) (bees) *B	2	1	1	2	3	2	11
Swine fever viruses (African and classical swine fever viruses)			1		2	3	6
Tracheal mite (<i>Acarapis woodi</i>) (bees) *B	3	9	3	2	5	5	27
Transmissible spongiform encephalopathy agents (scrapie, BSE; chronic wasting disease, FSE) *B	3	5	1		2		11
<i>Trichinella spiralis</i> (trichinosis)				1	1		2
<i>Tropilaelaps clareae</i> and <i>T. koenigerum</i> (bees) *B		4	1	1	1	2	9
Viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (fish)	1		1			1	3
Viral vesicular disease	4	9	16	7	7	3	46
West Nile virus	4	1	3	2	1	3	14
Total	104	141	145	131	124	132	777

Table 4b: Significant positive investigations of suspected exotic diseases, 2019

Disease agents/vectors investigated and confirmed as positive, and host species	Number of positive investigations in 2019
Porcine teschovirus (domestic pigs) (Rawdon 2019)	1
Infectious bursal disease virus serotype 2 (IBDV-2) (poultry) (Rawdon et al. 2019b; Rawdon 2019)	1
Infectious bursal disease virus serotype 1 (IBDV-1) (poultry) (Mulqueen 2019) *D	2
Canine parvovirus 2c variant in dogs (CPV-2c) (Rawdon et al. 2019a)	1
Pigeon rotavirus (Rawdon 2020b)	1
<i>Campylobacter hepaticus</i> in chickens (Rawdon 2020a)	1
<i>Dermatobia hominis</i> (human botfly, DIPTERA: Oestridae) in a human traveller (Rawdon et al. 2019a) *E	1
<i>Amblyomma americanum</i> (lone star tick) on a human traveller (Rawdon et al. 2019a) *E	1
<i>Ixodes scapularis</i> (black-legged tick) on a human traveller (Rawdon et al. 2019a) *E	1
<i>Amblyomma</i> spp. (unable to be classified further) on a human traveller (Rawdon 2019) *E	1

Notes to Tables 4a and 4b

*A The investigations listed in **Table 4A** are those that have resulted in exclusion of an OIE-listed disease or other significant diseases investigated more than once in the time period. This is not a definitive list of all investigations conducted. Some investigations resulted in multiple exclusions using specific laboratory methods, and these are recorded against each disease. The data were retrieved and analysed from the Notification and Investigation Manager Application database. Regular quarterly investigation reports are published in *Surveillance*: see Rawdon 2019a,b, 2020; Rawdon et al. 2019a; Taylor 2019a,b; Williams 2019 and Ward 2020.

*B Investigations reported here are in addition to testing in the MPI active surveillance programmes for these disease agents. See Phiri & Rich 2019 (honey bee exotic pest and disease surveillance), Stanislawek et al. 2019 (avian influenza surveillance); Marquetoux 2019 (TSE surveillance) and **Table 3** above (salmon surveillance).

*C These previously exotic disease agents have become established in New Zealand, either during the 2019 year (if indicated in a time column), or previously (if indicated next to the disease agent name). They may remain the subject of exotic disease investigation for the purpose of describing an emerging disease, potential new animal host species, or as suspected new incursions.

*D An MPI biosecurity response was established for this unwanted organism.

*E This confirmed exotic organism was intercepted soon after entry to NZ. Transmission or establishment of organisms did not occur.

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